RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited

Consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018

	Notes	30 June 2018 Taka	31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u>
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	3,292,729,634	3,394,940,284
Investment property	5	696,459,109	701,681,877
Intangible assets	6	14,895,618	5,429,027
Capital work-in-progress	7	79,714,584	41,415,719
Total non-current assets		4,083,798,945	4,143,466,907
Inventories	8	3,033,376,445	2,533,703,266
Trade and other receivables	9	783,627,371	590,423,877
Advances, deposits and prepayments	10	453,046,764	309,772,083
Advance income tax	11	2,965,358,316	2,831,624,003
Cash and cash equivalents	12	570,852,200	1,382,359,206
Total current assets		7,806,261,096	7,647,882,435
Total assets		11,890,060,041	11,791,349,342
<u>Equity</u>			
Share capital	13	3,890,624,560	3,536,931,410
Share premium		1,473,647,979	1,473,647,979
Retained earnings		1,124,530,825	1,445,455,970
Equity attributable to equity holders of the company		6,488,803,364	6,456,035,359
Non-controlling interests		1,332	1,524
Total equity	_	6,488,804,696	6,456,036,883
Liabilities			
Borrowings	16	223,833,796	359,163,292
Deferred tax liability	14	187,067,499	178,813,760
Total non-current liabilities	_	410,901,295	537,977,052
Employees benefits payable	15	26,805,888	
Borrowings	16	462,631,423	548,162,038
Trade and other payables	17	714,497,427	573,706,416
Accrued expenses	18	412,893,228	447,661,843
Provision for income tax	19	3,373,526,084	3,227,805,110
Total current liabilities	3,1	4,990,354,050	4,797,335,407
Total liabilities	-	5,401,255,345	5,335,312,459
Total equity and liabilities	-	11,890,060,041	11,791,349,342
Total equity and nationals	-	11,070,000,041	11,771,347,346

The accompanying notes gre an integral part of these financial statements

Managing Director

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the period ended 30 June 2018

		30 June 2018	30 June 2017	April to June 18	April to June 17
	Notes	Taka	Taka	Taka	Take
	20	3,298,814,726	3,219,590,399	1,590,198,563	1,678,538,000
Sales	21	(2,110,297,937)	(1,904,067,772)	(1,026,056,069)	(1,004,855,744)
Cost of sales Gross profit	2.1	1,188,516,789	1,315,522,627	564,142,494	673,682,256
	22	4,326,887	8,048,708	2,211,887	7,236,677
Other income	23	(195,277,765)	(186,483,114)	(108,229,420)	(90,725,404)
Administrative expenses	24	(423,532,184)	(360,281,198)	(224,189,926)	(179,730,160)
Marketing and selling expenses	2-7	(614,483,062)	(538,715,604)	(330,207,459)	(263,218,886)
Profit from operating activities		574,033,727	776,807,023	233,935,035	410,463,370
	25	26,003,447	6,431,089	11,664,230	721,205
Finance income	26	(25,029,961)	(58,751,393)	(11,362,842)	(13,876,747)
Finance expenses Net finance income		973,486	(32,320,304)	301,388	(13,155,542)
Profit before contribution to worker's		575,007,213	724,486,718	234,236,423	397,307,828
profit participation and welfare fund					
Contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fund	27	(28,418,455)	(.14,869,352)	(13,997,415)	(17,206,571)
Profit before income tax		546,588,758	689,677,366	220,239,008	380,101,257
Income tax expense	100			(70,697,495)	(89,153,714)
Current tax	28	(151,873,665)	(182,415,639)		(1,773,396)
Deferred tax	14	(8,253,739)	(17,876,198)		(90,927,110)
		(160,127,404)	(200,291,837)	(74,967,411) 145,271,597	289,174,147
Profit for the period		386,461,354	489,385,530	145,271,397	207,174,147
Other comprehensive income		, ,		9 .10	17.
Total comprehensive income for the period		386,461,354	489,385,530	145,271,597	289,174,147
Profit attributable to:					
		386,461,146	499,385,308	145,271,510	289,174,048
Equity holders of the company		208	222	87	99
Non-controlling interests		386,461,354	449.385.530	145,271,597	289,174,147
Profit after tax for the period		200,757,257			
Basic earnings per share (Par value TK 10)	32	0,99	1.26	0,37	0,74

The assumption notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Managing Durector

tor

Director

Director

Chief Francial Office

Company Secretary

Dated, 17 July 2018

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.
Consolidated statement of changes in equity
for the period ended 30 June 2018

Attributable to owners of the Company

	,							
		Share capital Taka	Share Premium <u>Taka</u>	Retained earnings <u>Taka</u>	Total <u>Taka</u>	Non-controlling interests <u>Taka</u>	Total equity <u>Taka</u>	
Balance as at 01 January 2017		3,368,506,110	1,473,647,979	1,269,570,793	6,111,724,882	1,501	6,111,726,383	
Total comprehensive income for 2017 Profit/(loss) for the period		٠	ı	489,385,308	489,385,308	222	489,385,530	
Transactions with the shareholders Cash dividend (2016)		1	ï	(673,701,222)	(673,701,222)	(400)	(673,701,622)	
Stock dividend (2016) Balance as at 30 June 2017	1 11	168,425,300 3,536,931,410	1,473,647,979	(168,425,300)	5,927,408,968	1,323	5.927,410,291	
Balance as at 01 January 2018		3,536,931,410	1,473,647,979	1,445,455,970	6,456,035,359	1,524	6,456,036,883	
Total comprehensive income for 2018 Profit/(loss) for the period		,	3	386,461,146	386,461,146	208	386,461,354	
Cash dividend (2017) Stock dividend (2017) Balance as at 30 June 2018	1 "	353,693,150 3,890,624,560	1,473,647,979	(353,693,141) (353,693,150) 1,124,530,825	(353,693,141)	(400)	(353,693,541)	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. Consolidated statement of cash flows for the period ended 30 June 2018

Cash flows from operating activities	30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	30 June 2017 <u>Taka</u>
	2 071 471 249	2 220 526 670
Cash receipts from customers	2,961,471,348	3,320,536,679
Cash payments to suppliers and employees	(2,922,896,914)	(2,506,812,736)
Cash generated from operating activities	38,574,434	813,723,943
Interest received from bank deposit	3,448,479	1,521,217
Income tax paid	(133,734,314)	(112,178,531)
Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(91,711,401)	703,066,629
Cash flows from investing activities		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(139,640,524)	(204,659,863)
Disposal proceeds of associate	-	37,012,500
Interest received from FDR	24,731,859	6,454,492
Income from rental	3,015,000	655,000
Intangible assets	(11,950,323)	(993,354)
Dividend received	200	200
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities	(123,843,788)	(161,531,024)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Finance charges	(23,897,765)	(25,575,517)
Avail/(repayment) of term loan	(135,329,496)	(116,265,411)
Avail/(repayment) of short-term loan	(85,530,615)	24,002,844
Dividend paid	(351,174,341)	(669, 353, 812)
Adjustment related with non-controlling interest	(400)	(400)
Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	(595,951,817)	(787,192,296)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(811,507,006)	(245,656,690)
Cash and cash equivalents as at 01 January	1,382,359,206	802,643,479
Cash and cash equivalents as at 30 June (Note 12)	570,852,200	556,986,789

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited

Notes to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2018

1. Reporting entity

RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited (the Company), formerly RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Pvt. Limited, a UAE-Bangladesh joint venture company, was incorporated in Bangladesh on 26 November 1998 as a private company limited by shares under the Companies Act 1994. The Company was later converted from a private limited into a public limited on 10 June 2008 after observance of required formalities as per laws. The name of the Company was thereafter changed to RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd. as per certificate issued by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies dated 11 February 2009. The address of the Company's registered office is RAK Tower, Plot # 1/A, Jasimuddin Avenue, Sector # 3, Uttara, Dhaka 1230. The company got listed with Dhaka Stock Exchange (DSE) and Chittagong Stock Exchange (CSE) on 13 June 2010.

1.1 Nature of business

The Company is engaged in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, bathroom sets and all types of sanitary ware. It has started its commercial production on 12 November 2000. The commercial production of its new sanitary ware plant, expansion unit of ceramics facilities, tiles and sanitary plant was started on 10 January 2004, 1 July 2004, 1 September 2007, 1 April 2015 and 17th May respectively.

1.2 Description of subsidiaries

RAK Power Pvt. Ltd.

RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 30 June 2005 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 1,000,000,000 divided into 10,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 205,000,000 as at 30 June 2018. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2009. The registered office of the Company is at RAK Tower (8th floor), Jashimuddin Avenue, Plot # 1/A, Sectoe # 03, Uttara Model Town, Dhaka - 1230. The Power Plant is located at Village: Dhanua, P.S: Sreepur, District: Gazipur. 57% shares of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.

The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. from 57% to 99.99% through purchase of 881,495 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 255 per share totaling to BDT 224,781,225 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Power Pvt. Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Power (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015

RAK Security and Services Pvt. Limited

RAK Security and Services Pvt. Ltd. has been incorporated in Bangladesh under the Companies Act 1994 on 21 December 2006 as a private company limited by shares with an authorized capital of Taka 100,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 100 each. The paid up capital stands at Taka 1,000,000 as at 30 June 2018. The Company has gone into operation from 1 May 2007. The registered office of the Company is at RAK Tower (8th floor), Plot # 1/A, Jasimuddin Avenue, Sector # 03, Uttara Model Town, Dhaka-1230. 35% shares of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd is held by RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited.

The Board of Directors of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited in its meeting held on July 26, 2015 have decided to further increase the shareholding in RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. from 35% to 99.00% through purchase of 6,500 number of ordinary shares of BDT 100 each in consideration of BDT 2,875 per share totaling to BDT 18,687,500 only from all the other shareholders of RAK Security & Services (Pvt.) Ltd. subject to approval by the shareholders and concerned authorities for the interest of the business of the Company. The shareholders of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Limited have approved the same in the EGM dated September 20, 2015. The effect of acquisition has been taken place as approved in Board of Directors meeting of RAK Security and Services (Pvt.) Ltd on 20 October 2015.

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), the Companies Act 1994 and the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

The title and format of these financial statements follow the requirements of IFRS which are to some extent different from the requirement of the Companies Act 1994. However, such differences are not material and in the view of management IFRS titles and format give better presentation to the shareholders.

Authorisation for issue

These financial statements have been authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 17 July 2018.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis except for inventories which are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.3 Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are presented in Bangladesh Taka (Taka/Tk/BDT), which is the functional currency and presentation currency of the Company. The figures of financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest Taka.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected.

In particular, information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements are stated in the following notes:

Note 4	Property, plant & equipment
Note 5	Investment property
Note 14	Deferred tax liability
Note 15	Employees benefit payable
Note 19	Provision for income tax

2.5 Reporting period

The financial period of the Company covers six months from 1 January to 30 June 2018 and is followed consistently.

2.6 Going concern

The Company has adequate resources to continue in operation for foresecable future and hence, the financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis. As per management assessment there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

3 Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below, which comply with IFRS, have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, and have been applied consistently by Group entities.

3.1 Basis of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements comprise the consolidated financial position and the consolidated results of operations of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") on a line by line basis together with the Group's share in the net assets of its equity- accounted investees.

IFRS-10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" introduces a new control model that focuses on whether the group has power over an investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and ability to use its power to affect those returns. An investor has power over an investee when the investor has existing rights that gives it the current ability to direct the relevant activities that significantly affect the investee's returns. Power arises from rights. An investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee when the investor's returns from its involvement have the potential to vary as a result of the investee's performance. An investor controls an investee if the investor not only has the power over the investee and exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, but also has the ability to use its power to affect the investor's return from its involvement with the investee.

Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are enterprises controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that are presently exercisable are taken into account. The results of operations and total assets and liabilities of subsidiary companies are included in the consolidated financial statements on a line-by-line basis and the interest of minority shareholders, if any, in the results and net assets of subsidiaries is stated separately. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Any gains or losses on increase/decrease in non-controlling interest in subsidiaries without a change in control, is recognised as a component of equity.

Loss of control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interest and other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit arising on the loss of control is recognised in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an available-for-sale financial asset depending on the level of influence retained.

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

3.2 Financial assets

a) Trade & other receivables

Trade & other receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition trade & other receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any bad debts provision.

b) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at bank including short notice deposits and fixed deposits having maturity of three months or less that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value, and are used by the Group in the management of its short-term commitments.

3.2.1 Financial liabilities

a) Trade & other payables

Trade & other payables are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade & other payables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

b) Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings include short term bank loan. Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3.3 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects. Paid up share capital represents total amount contributed by the shareholders and bonus shares issued by the Company to the ordinary shareholders. Holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to vote at shareholders' meetings. In the event of a winding up of the Company, ordinary shareholders rank after all other shareholders and creditors and are fully entitled to any residual proceeds of liquidation.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

An asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and subsequent disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount of the item) is recognised as gain or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

3.4.1 Depreciation on property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over the estimated useful lives of each component. Capital-work-in-progress and land are not depreciated. Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is charged from the day of their acquisition and charging of depreciation on property, plant and equipment ceases from the day on which the deletion thereof takes place. Depreciation continues to be charged on each item of property, plant and equipment until written down value of such fixed asset is reduced to Taka one.

Rates of depreciation on various classes of property, plant and equipment are as under:

Category of property, plant and equipment	Rate (%)
Factory building	5-20
General building	5 5
Head Office building	5
Plant and machinery	5-10
Mobile plant	10
Electrical installation	10-20
Gas pipeline	10-20
Furniture, fixture and equipment	10
Office equipment	10-20
Communication equipment	10-20
Tools and appliances	10-20
Vehicles	10-20
Fire fighting equipment	20

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate. Land is not depreciated as it deemed to have an indefinite life.

3.5 Investment property

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including property under construction for such purposes). Investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. Maintenance, renewals and betterments that enhances the economic useful life of the investment property or that improve the capacity, quality or reduce subsequently the operation cost or administration expenses and capitalized by adding it to the related investment property. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive n the period in which the property is derecognised.

3.5.1 Depreciation on investment property

Depreciation charged on the basis of straight line method. Depreciation continues to be charged on each item of investment property until written value of such fixed asset is reduced to Taka one. Depreciation on addition to fixed assets is charged from the day of their acquisition and charging of depreciation on investment property ceases from the day on which the deletion thereof takes place.

Rates of depreciation on various classes of investment property are as under:

Category of property, plant and equipment

Rate (%)

Building

5

Land is not depreciated as it deemed to have an infinite life.

3.6 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less impairment, if any, until the construction is completed. Upon completion of construction, the cost of such assets together with the cost directly attributable to construction, including capitalised borrowing costs are transferred to the respective class of asset. No depreciation is charged on capital work in progress.

3.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group (such as designs and trade marks for manufacture of ceramic tiles and sanitary ware and pharmaceuticals products) and have finite useful lives are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates.

Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over their estimated useful lives of 2 to 3 years from the date that they are available for use.

Amortisation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

3.8 Leased assets

Leases in terms of which the Group assumes substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. On initial recognition, the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Lease payments

In respect of finance lease, lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of liability. Finance charges are reflected in profit or loss.

Operating leases payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

3.9 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the weighted average cost principle, and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. In the case of manufactured inventories and work in progress, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Raw materials in transit are valued at cost.

Net realisable value (NRV) is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and any estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

3.10 Impairment

Non-derivative financial assets

Financial assets not classified as at fair value through profit or loss, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the non-financial assets, other than inventories are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated. For intangible assets that have indefinite lives, recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit (CGU) exceeds its estimated recoverable amount.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risk specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate significantly independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

Recognition of impairment

Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduced the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the CGU on a pro-rata basis.

Reversal of impairment

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

3.11 Employee benefit schemes

The Company maintains both defined contribution plan and defined benefit plan for its eligible permanent employees. The eligibility is determined according to the terms and conditions set forth in the respective deeds.

Defined contribution plan (Provident fund)

Defined contribution plan is a post employment benefit plan under which the Company provides benefits to one or more employees. The recognised Employees Provident Fund is considered as defined contribution plan as it meets the recognition criteria specified for this purpose. All permanent employees contribute 10 percent of their basic salary to the provident fund and the Company also makes equal contribution to the fund. These are administered by the Board of Trustees. The contributions are invested separately from the company's assets.

Contribution to defined contribution plan is recognised as an expense when an employee has rendered services to the Company. The legal and constructive obligation is limited to the amount it agrees to contribute to the fund.

Defined benefit plan (Gratuity)

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods.

Permanent employees are entitled to gratuity on the basis of his latest basic salary for a completed year of service or for service for a period of more than six months, salary of minimum 30 days, or salary of 45 days for a continuous service for more than ten years, it shall be in addition to any payment of compensation or payment of any wage or allowance in lieu of notice due to termination of services of a worker on different grounds. The expected cost of this benefit is included in respective annual statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the period of employment.

3.12 Workers' Profit Participation Fund and Welfare Fund (WPPF)

The Company provides 5% of its net profit before tax after charging such expense as WPPF in accordance with "The Bangladesh Labour (Amendment) Act 2013".

3.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised on the reporting date if, as a result of past events, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

3.14 Standards, amendmends and interpretations

A number of new standards and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2018 with earlier application permitted. The Group does not plan to adopt these standards early. The new standards which may be relevant to the GROUP are set out below.

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments sets out requirements for recognising and measuring financial assets, financial liabilities and some contracts to buy or sell non-financial items including a new expected credit loss model for calculating impairment of financial assets, and new general hedge accounting requirements. This standard replaces IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The final version of IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early application permitted.

i. Classification - financial assets

IFRS 9 contains a new classification and measurement approach for financial assets that reflects the business model in which assets are managed and their cash flow characteristics. IFRS 9 contains three principal classification categories for financial assets: measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) and fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL). The standard eliminates the existing IAS 39 categories of held to maturity, loans and receivables and available for sale.

ii. Impairment

IFRS 9 replaces the 'incurred loss' model in IAS 39 with a forward-looking 'expected credit loss' (ECL) model. This will require considerable judgement about how changes in economic factors affect ECLs, which will be determined on a probability-weighted basis. The new impairment model will apply to financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI, except for investments in equity instruments, and to contract assets.

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances will be measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs which result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- 12-Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs which result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

ii. Impairment

Lifetime ECL measurement applies if the credit risk of a financial asset at the reporting date has increased significantly since initial recognition and 12-month ECL measurement applies if it has not. An entity may determine that a financial asset's credit risk has not increased significantly if the asset has low credit risk at the reporting date. However, lifetime ECL measurement always applies for trade receivables and contract assets without a significant financing component; the Group has a choice to also apply this policy for trade receivables and contract assets with a significant financing component.

The estimated ECL will be calculated based on actual credit loss experience. The Group will perform the calculation of ECL rates separately for different types of customers including related parties.

Actual credit losses will be adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data will be collected, prevalent conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables and related party balances.

ii. Hedging

IFRS 9 incorporates new hedge accounting rules which intend to align hedge accounting with a Group's risk management objectives and strategy and to apply a more qualitative and forward looking approach to assessing hedge effectiveness. In accordance with IFRS 9, the Group has an accounting policy choice to defer the adoption of IFRS 9 hedge accounting and to continue with IAS 39 hedge accounting.

The Group will take advantage of the exemption allowing it not to restate comparative information for prior periods with respect to classification and measurement (including impairment) changes. Differences in the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities resulting from the adoption of IFRS 9 will generally be recognised in equity as at 1 January 2018.

3.14.1 IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognized. It replaces existing revenue recognition guidance, including IAS 18 Revenue, IAS 11 Construction Contracts and IFRIC 13 Customer Loyalty Programmes. IFRS 15 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, with early adoption permitted.

i. Sales of goods

Under IFRS 15, revenue will be recognised when a customer obtains control of the goods.

Revenue will be recognised for the contracts to the extent that it is probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. As a consequence, for those contracts for which the Group is unable to make a reasonable estimate of return, revenue is expected to be recognised sooner than when the return period lapses or a reasonable estimate can be made.

Based on the Group's assessment, the timing of revenue recognition from sale of goods are broadly similar. Therefore, the Group does not expect the application of IFRS 15 to result in significant differences in the timing of revenue recognition for these sales.

i. Rendering of services

Under IFRS 15, the total consideration in the service contracts will be allocated to all services based on their stand-alone selling prices. The stand-alone selling prices will be determined based on the list prices at which the Group sells the services in separate transactions.

Based on the Group's assessment, the fair value and the stand-alone selling prices of the services are broadly similar. Therefore, the Group does not expect the application of IFRS 15 to result in significant differences in the timing of revenue recognition for these services.

i. Construction contracts

Contract revenue currently includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments, to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. When a claim or variation is recognised, the measure of contract progress or contract price is revised and the cumulative contract position is reassessed at each reporting date.

Under IFRS 15, claims and variations will be included in the contract accounting when they are approved.

The Group does not expect the application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements. The actual impacts of adopting these standards at 1 January 2018 may change because:

these standards will require the Group to revise its accounting policies and internal controls and these changes are not yet complete;

the Group is also refining and finalizing its model for expected credit loss calculations; and

the new accounting policies, assumptions, judgement and estimation techniques employed are subject to change

until the Group finalizes its first consolidated financial statements that includes the date of initial application.

3.14.2 IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16, published in January 2016 replaces the previous guidance in IAS 17 Leases. Under this revised guidance, leases will be brought onto companies' balance sheets, increasing the visibility of their assets and liabilities. It further removes the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases treating all leases as finance leases from the perspective of the lessee, thereby eliminating the requirement for a lease classification test. The revised guidance has an increased focus on who controls the asset and may change which contracts are leases. IFRS 16 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

Revenue represents excluding of sample sales to dealers & customer during the period.

3.15 Finance income and expenses

Finance income comprises interest income on fixed deposits, Short Notice Deposit (SND) and amounts due from related parties. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, using the effective interest rate method.

Finance costs comprises interest expense on overdraft, LTR, term loan, short term borrowings and finance lease. All finance expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Foreign currency gains and losses on financial assets and financial liabilities are reported on a net basis as either finance income or finance cost depending on whether foreign currency movements are in a net gain or net loss position.

3.16 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Taka at the foreign exchange rates prevailing on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at reporting date are translated to Taka at the rates of exchange prevailing on that date. Resulting exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items at the end of the reporting period are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as per International Accounting Standard (IAS)-21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates".

3.17 Taxation

Income tax expenses represents current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax:

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous year. Provisions for corporate income tax is made following the rate applicable for companies as per Finance Act 2018.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax has been recognised in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 12. Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amount used for taxation purpose. Deferred tax is determined at the effective income tax rate prevailing at the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3.18 Earning per share

The Company presents basic and diluted (when dilution is applicable) earnings per share (EPS) for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company with the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, adjusted for the effect of change in number of shares for bonus issue. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. However, dilution of EPS is not applicable for these financial statements as there was no dilutive potential ordinary shares during the relevant years.

3.19 Determination and presentation of operating segment

Details of product-wise segment reporting as required by IFRS-8 operating segments is followed.

3.20 Contingencies

Contingent liability

Contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent liability should not be recognised in the financial statements, but may require disclosure. A provision should be recognised in the year in which the recognition criteria of provision have been met.

Contingent asset

Contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

A contingent asset must not be recognised. Only when the realisation of the related economic benefits is virtually certain should recognition take place provided that it can be measured reliably because, at that point, the asset is no longer contingent.

3.21 Statement of cash flows

Statement of cash flows is prepared under direct method in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS)-7 "Statement of cash flows" as required by the Securities and Exchange Rules 1987.

3.22 Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting date are reflected in the financial statements. Material events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed by way of note.

3.23 Comparatives and reclassification

Comparative information have been disclosed in respect of 2017 for all numerical information in the financial statements and also the narrative and descriptive information when it is relevant for understanding of the current period's financial statements.

To facilitate comparison, certain relevant balances pertaining to the previous period have been rearranged/reclassified whenever considered necessary to confirm to current period's presentation.

30 June 2018

		COST	ST			O	DEPRECIATION	NOI		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2018	Addition during the period	Sale/ disposal during the	Balance as at 30 June 2018	Rate (%)	Balance as at 01 Jan 2018	Charged during the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 June 2018	Net book value as at 30 June 2018
Land	336,575,507			336,575,507						336,575,507
Factory building	932,964,883	35,967,730		968,932,612	2.5-5	333,451,642	23,396,096		356,847,738	612,084,874
Office building	203,113,529	549,927		203,663,456	2.5-5	101,236,417	4,784,202	٠	106,020,619	97,642,837
Plant and machinery	5,268,607,207	53,201,688		5,321,808,893	5-10	3,149,903,876	149,082,434	•	3,298,986,310	2,022,822,585
Mobile plant	122,434,617	1,425,735	,	123,860,352	10	90,904,362	4,092,437	1	94,996,799	28,863,553
Electrical installation	241,464,647	ı	1	241,464,647	10-20	183,208,804	4,919,464	ï	188,128,267	53,336,380
Gas pipeline	77,047,294	31	1	77,047,294	10-20	48,717,653	1,791,069	,	50,508,722	26,538,572
Furniture and fixtures	37,026,750	1,851,921	•	38,878,671	10	25,855,408	968,693		26,824,102	12,054,571
Office equipment	110,835,457	1,587,926	,	112,423,382	10-20	55,298,970	9,405,173		64,704,144	47,719,239
Communication equipment	12,231,404	563,919	1	12,795,323	10-20	6,853,414	761,583	3	7,614,996	5,180,327
Tools and appliances	17,669,297	441,000		18,110,297	10-20	8,355,786	942,456	•	9,298,242	8,812,055
Vehicles	83,352,902	5,751,814	ï	89,104,716	10-20	44,596,878	3,408,704		48,005,582	41,099,134
Fire fighting equipments	3,631,012			3,631,012	20	3,631,012	•		3,631,012	
Total	7,446,954,506	101,341,661		7,548,296,164		4,052,014,222	203,552,312	ı	4,255,566,530	3,292,729,634

31 Dec 2017

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		COST	S T			D	DEPRECIATION	ION		
Particulars	Balance as at 01 Jan 2017	Addition during the year	Sale/ disposal during the year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2017	Rate (%)	Balance as at 01 Jan 2017	Charged during the year	Adjustment during the year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2017	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2017
Land	289,585,607	46,989,900		336,575,507					r	336,575,507
Factory building	885,686,619	47,278,264	3	932,964,883	2.5-5	289,021,867	44,429,775	,	333,451,642	599,513,241
Office building	197,676,689	5,436,840	к	203,113,529	2.5-20	91,183,718	10,052,699		101,236,417	101,877,112
Plant and machinery	5,096,325,210	172,281,997	1	5,268,607,207	5-10	2,840,758,215	309,145,661	3	3,149,903,876	2,118,703,330
Mobile plant	116,307,779	6,126,838	ı	122,434,617	01	82,873,815	8,030,547	T	90,904,362	31,530,255
Electrical installation	241,464,647	•		241,464,647	10-20	169,959,558	13,249,246	ši	183,208,804	58,255,843
Gas pipeline	69,647,294	7,400,000	1	77,047,294	10-20	45,539,497	3,178,156	Ĭ.	48,717,653	28,329,641
Furniture and fixtures	33,527,954	3,498,796	11	37,026,750	01	24,181,501	1,673,907	3	25,855,408	11,171,342
Office equipment	99,182,629	11,652,828	£	110,835,457	10-20	37,114,917	18,184,053	ī	55,298,970	55,536,487
Communication equipment	11,261,333	970,071	Ð	12,231,404	10-20	5,370,410	1,483,004	a	6,853,414	5,377,990
Tools and appliances	17,069,869	599,428	£	17,669,297	10-20	6,619,913	1,735,873		8,355,786	9,313,511
Vehicles	73,519,704	9,833,198	1	83,352,902	10-20	37,856,665	6,740,213	а	44,596,878	38,756,024
Fire fighting equipments	3,631,012	•	(3,631,012	20	3,631,012	•		3,631,012	•
Total	7,134,886,346	312,068,160	1	7,446,954,506		3,634,111,088	417,903,134		4,052,014,222	3,394,940,284

5 Investment Property

30 June 2018

COST	20	Ы				DEPRECIATION	ATION		
Addition during duthe period	d,	Sale/disposal luring the period	Balance as at 30 June 2018	Rate	Balance as at 01 Jan 2018	Charged during the period	Adjustment during the period	Balance as at 30 June 2018	Net book value as at 30 June 2018
,		•	500,571,750		1	3		91	500,571,750
		-	210,636,382	2%	9,526,255	5,222,768		14,749,023	195,887,359
-		r	711,208,132		9,526,255	5,222,768	1	14,749,023	696,459,109

31 Dec 2017

COST					DEPRECIATION	IATION		
Addition during Sale/disposal the year	sposal he year	Balance as at 31 Dec 2017	Rate	Balance as at 01 Jan 2017	Balance as at Charged during the year	Adjustment Balance as at during the year 31 Dec 2017	Balance as at 31 Dec 2017	Net book value as at 31 Dec 2017
		500,571,750		1	1	ı	ı	500,571,750
	,	210,636,382	2%	660,732	8,865,523		9,526,255	201,110,127
		711,208,132		660,732	8,865,523	ı	9,526,255	701,681,877

1 The land 10 khata is situated besides the RAK Tower was acquired in March 2012. The same was classified as Property, plant & equipment till 31st Dec 2016. However, presently the asset is under operating lease considering undetermined future use. Hence in the current financial statements, the same is reclassified as an item of "Investment Property" as defined under IAS 40.

The said property are stated at cost as per IAS 16 due to alternate reliable sources of measurement being unavailable.

godown office building is situated at above mentioned land. This property is too under operating lease culminating in undetermined future use. Hence the same is classified under "Investment 2 The property, being an Apartment on 10th floor, RAK Tower, was acquired in the month of February 2017 from M/s Julphar Bangladesh. (Erstwhile RAK Pharmaceuticals Pvt. Ltd) and Property" under IAS 40.

The fair values of the property has been adopted at the transaction value considering that the munnicipal valuation of the property has fairly remained unchanged, the company has adopted the transaction value as the fair value of the property.

5,1	Depreciation charged on the basis of the purpose of use	30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	30 June 2017 Taka
	Cost of sales (Note 21)	184,223,310	196,182,084
	Administrative expenses (Note 5.2)	23,546,327	20,644,678
	Marketing & selling expenses (Note 24)	1,005,442	1,005,442
		208,775,079	217,832,204
5.2	Administrative expenses		
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (Note 23)	18,323,559	17,088,488
	Depreciation on investment property (Note 23)	5,222,768	3,556,190
		23,546,327	20,644,678

		30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u>
6	Intangible assets		
	Balance as at 1 January	5,429,027	6,740,159
	Add: Addition during the period	11,950,323	6,925,458
		17,379,350	13,665,617
	Less: Amortisation during the period (Note-6.1)	2,483,732	5,587,852
	Less: Adjustment during the period	-	2,648,738
	Balance as at 30 June	14,895,618	5,429,027
6.1	Amortisation charged on the basis of the purpose of use		
	Administrative expenses (Note - 23)	2,483,732	5,587,852
		2,483,732	5,587,852
7	Capital Work-in-Progress		
	Balance as at 1 January	41,415,720	28,726,284
	Add: Addition during the period	116,670,545	444,202,680
	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY AND A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	158,086,265	472,928,964
	Less: Transfer to property, plant & equipment and IP during the period (note 7.1)	78,371,681	431,513,245
	Balance as at 30 June	79,714,584	41,415,719
7.1	Items transferred from capital work in progress to property, plant & equipmen	nt	
	Office building		207,433,930
	Factory building	23,171,782	53,235,483
	Plant & machinery	10,661,335	170,125,817
	Others	44,538,565	718,015
		78,371,681	431,513,245
8	Inventories		
8	Inventories		
	Raw materials	849,069,412	655,088,511
	Stores and consumables spares	1,084,124,108	1,098,231,281
	Less: Write off for stores & spares during the period	7,627,898	-
		1,076,496,211	1,098,231,281
	Finished goods	701,053,377	502,342,028 108,183,210
	Work-in-process	121,912,387 284,845,057	169,858,236
	Goods-in-transit	3,033,376,445	2,533,703,266

		30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u>
9	Trade and other receivables		
	Trade receivables (Note 9.1)	708,142,719	513,977,334
	made receivables (Note 3.1.)	708,142,719	513,977,334
	Accrued interest (Note 9.2)	2,601,163	4,778,054
	Accrued rental income	3,285,000	2,070,000
	Receivable against disposal of investment	69,598,489	69,598,489
	50000 00000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0	783,627,371	590,423,877
9.1	Trade receivables		
	Receivables from local sales	708,142,719	512,343,198
	Receivables from export sales		1,634,136
		708,142,719	513,977,334
9.2	Accrued interest		
	Interest accrued on FDR	2,601,163	4,778,054
	Interest accrued on PDR	2,601,163	4,778,054
10	Advance, deposit and prepayments Advances: Employees	218,000	12,506
	Land advance & others	5,211,829	1,942,829
	Suppliers againnt material & services	195,767,666	91,510,409
		201,197,495	93,465,744
	Security and other deposits:		
	Titas gas	55,772,000	39,694,150
	Mymenshing Palli Bidyut Samity-2	1,955,000	1,955,000
	VAT and supplementary duty (note 10.1)	64,595,449	43,078,066
	Deposit with income tax authority	36,685,655 6,726,946	36,685,655 6,726,946
	Deposit with VAT authority	1,499,853	1,499,853
	Other deposits	167,234,903	129,639,670
	Prepayments:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	***************************************
	Showroom & office rent	14,837,057	15,638,195
	Insurance and others	69,777,307	71,028,474
	insurance and others		
	insurance and others	84,614,364 453,046,764	86,666,669 309,772,083

		30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u>
10.1	Supplementary duty & VAT		
	Balance as at 1 January	43,078,066	36,231,093
	Add: Treasury deposit for SD & VAT purpose	652,039,080	1,513,000,000
	Rebate of input VAT	251,479,470	346,947,267
		946,596,616	1,896,178,360
	Less: SD & VAT on sales	880,370,195	1,843,007,696
	Payable- SD & VAT		10,092,597
	Others payable	1,630,973	
		882,001,168	1,853,100,292
	Balance as at 30 June	64,595,449	43,078,066
11	Advance Income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Paid during the period Less: Adjusted during the period Balance as at 30 June (11.1)	2,831,624,004 139,887,004 6,152,691 2,965,358,316	2,485,841,759 350,708,934 4,926,690 2,831,624,003
11.1	Payment for the period	*	
	Incone year		
	Current period	98,387,004	
	Year 2017	327,114,513	285,614,513
	Year 2016	291,375,845 187,267,285	291,375,845 187,267,285
	Year 2015	291,694,002	295,379,428
	Year 2014		
	Year 2013	389,651,054	392,118,319
	Year 2012	334,263,453 328,701,317	334,263,453 328,701,317
	Year 2011	265,532,626	265,532,626
	Year 2010	218,091,876	218,091,876
	Year 2009 Year 2008	85,378,847	85,378,847
	Year 2007	124,813,161	124,813,161
	Year 2006	23,087,333	23,087,333
	100000A(00x000010000	2,965,358,316	2,831,624,003
		-	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

Cash and cash equivalents Cash in hand 4,315,175 Cash at banks HSBC (current account - 001-013432-011,001-107580-011,001-096015-011, 001-096007-011 - BDT) 35,390,615 Standard Chartered Bank (current account - 01-6162940-01, 01-3767272-01 - BDT) 14,497,154 Brace Bank Ltd. (current account - 1530301731248001 - BDT) 3,485,823 Citibank N.A. (current account - G0100001200262018 - BDT) 167,490 Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (current account - 117-110-12733,117-110-4311, 117.110.23474 - BDT) 334,979 HSBC (ERQ account - 001-013432-047 - USD) 9,257,482 Standard Chartered Bank (ERQ - 42-6162940-01 - USD) 900,771 Standard Chartered Bank (Margin money account) 4,141,686 United Commercial Bank (SND account - 0831301000000164 BDT) 1,352,826 Eastern Bank Ltd. (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) 23,817,965 EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) 53,995 Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 02-3767272-01 - BDT) 53,995 Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-589, 117-120-330,117-120.2550 - BDT) 58,561,169 BRAC Bank (SND - 1513101731248001 - BDT)	31 Dec 2017 Taka
Cash at banks HSBC (current account -001-013432-011,001-107580-011,001-096015-011, 001-096007-011 - BDT) Standard Chartered Bank (current account - 01-6162940-01, 01-3767272-01 - BDT) Brac Bank Ltd. (current account - 1530301731248001 - BDT) Citibank N.A. (current account - G0100001200262018 - BDT) Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (current account - 117-110-12733,117-110-4311, 117.110.23474 - BDT) HSBC (ERQ account - 001-013432-047 - USD) Standard Chartered Bank (ERQ - 42-6162940-01 - USD) Standard Chartered Bank (Margin money account) United Commercial Bank (SND account - 0831301000000164 BDT) Eastern Bank Ltd. (SND account - 1131350237146 - BDT) EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) Standard Chartered Bank (SND account - 02-3767272-01 - BDT) Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-589, 117-120-330,117-120.2550 - BDT) 58,561,169 BRAC Bank (SND - 1513101731248001 - BDT) 357,860	
HSBC (current account -001-013432-011,001-107580-011,001-096015-011, 001-096007-011 - BDT) 35,390,615 Standard Chartered Bank (current account - 01-6162940-01, 01-3767272-01 - BDT) 14,497,154 Brac Bank Ltd./(current account - 1530301731248001 - BDT) 3,485,823 Citibank N.A. (current account - G0100001200262018 - BDT) 167,490 Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (current account - 117-110-12733,117-110-4311, 117.110.23474 - BDT) 334,979 HSBC (ERQ account - 001-013432-047 - USD) 9,257,482 Standard Chartered Bank (ERQ - 42-6162940-01 - USD) 900,771 Standard Chartered Bank (Margin money account) 4,141,686 United Commercial Bank (SND account - 0831301000000164 BDT) 23,817,965 EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) 23,817,965 EXIM Bank (SND account - 01513100031877 - BDT) 53,995 Dutch Bangla Bank Ltd. (SND account - 117-120-589, 117-120-330,117-120.2550 - BDT) 58,561,169 BRAC Bank (SND - 1513101731248001 - BDT) 357,860	5,631,704
Dhaka Bank Ltd (SND - 102.150.274- BDT)) 8,120,008 Commercial Bank of Ceylon (CD-2817000776 - BDT.) 24,225 Dhaka Bank Ltd (CD - 204100000019318- BDT)) 397,024 Commercial Bank of Ceylon (SND-2817000777 - BDT.) 47,376,133	25,409,026 117,911,774 57,502,367 172,812 1,628,157 9,438,932 975,788 306,739 33,572,214 35,308,039 114,761 454,397 261,903,047 358,355 53,513,417 52,825,646 23,529 8,470 39,297,802
Megna Bank Ltd. (SND 1112-13500000004 - BDT) 11,078,037 222,280,215	43,154,459 733,879,731
IPO bank account Citibank N.A. (RAK-IPO Central Account - G010001200262022 - BDT) 2,438,801	2,454,389 3,919,501 153,608 126,594 6,654,092
Dividend bank account BRAC Bank (Current - 1510201731248001 - BDT) - 2010 BRAC Bank (Current - 1513201731248001 - BDT) - 2011 2,201,087 SCB (Current - 02-6162940-02- BDT) - 2012 3,845,151 SCB (Current - 02-6162940-03- BDT) - 2013 SCB (Current - 02-6162940-04- BDT) - 2014 \$CB (Current - 02-6162940-05- BDT) - 2015 \$CB (Current - 02-6162940-05- BDT) - 2016 \$CB (Current - 02-6162940-06- BDT) - 2016 \$CB (Current - 02-6162940-07- BDT) - 2017 \$CB (Current - 02-6162940-07- BDT) - 2017	2,618,431 2,204,459 3,837,331 16,734,192 4,977,932 3,847,536 4,383,884
Investment in Fixed Deposit Receipt (FDR) HSBC	16,827,834 762,080 150,000,000 25,000,000 300,000,000 100,000,000 5,000,000 597,589,914
Total 570,852,200	1,382,359,206

30 June 2018 31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u> <u>Taka</u>

13 Share Capital

Authorised: 600,000,000 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

6,000,000,000 6,000,000,000

Issued, subscribed, called and paid up: 389,062,456 ordinary shares of Taka 10/- each

3,890,624,560 3,536,931,410

Percentage of shareholdings :	Percentage	of share	holdings:
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Percentage of shareholdings:	20	018	20)17
	%	Taka	%	Taka
RAK Ceramics PJSC, UAE	68.13	2,650,785,740	68.13	2,409,805,220
S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman	3.97	154,598,410	3.92	138,725,830
HH Sheikh Saud Bin Saqr Al Qassimi	0.00	310	0.00	290
Sheikh Omer Bin Saqr Al Qassimi	0.00	310	0.00	290
Sheikh Ahmad Bin Humaid al Qassimi	0.00	310	0.00	290
Hamad Abdulla Al Muttawa	0.00	150	0.00	140
Dr. Khater Massaad	0.00	150	0.00	140
Abdallah Massaad	0.00	150	0.00	140
Manoj Uttamrao Ahire	0.00	150	0.00	140
General Public	27.89	1,085,238,880	27.95	988,398,930
	100.00	3,890,624,560	100.00	3,536,931,410

Classification of shareholders by holding

Shareholder's range	Number of sh	Number of shareholders		Number of shares	
	2018	2017	<u>2018</u>	2017	
Less than 500 shares	23,629	24,431	5,369,861	5,260,532	
501 to 5,000 shares	8,937	8,673	14,248,995	13,964,830	
5001 to 10,000 shares	1,014	916	7,001,384	6,687,868	
10,001 to 20,000 shares	562	475	7,636,397	6,676,203	
20,001 to 30,000 shares	151	134	3,693,486	3,318,356	
30,001 to 40,000 shares	71	72	2,449,819	2,550,406	
40,001 to 50,000 shares	45	42	2,002,883	1,903,394	
50,001 to 100,000 shares	97	84	6,627,936	5,708,527	
100,001 to 1,000,000 shares	96	89	24,811,468	23,843,323	
Over 1,000,000 shares	13	10	315,220,227	283,779,702	
	34,615	34,926	389,062,456	353,693,141	

				30 June 2018 <u>Taka</u>	31 Dec 2017 <u>Taka</u>
14	Deferred tax liabilities				
	Balance as at 1 January			178,813,760	128,416,223
	Less : Deferred tax (income)/expenses			8,253,739	50,397,537
	Balance as at 30 June		-	187,067,499	178,813,760
15	Employees benefits payable				
	Provident fund			10,725,011	-
	Gratuity fund			16,080,877	
	Citatiny and		195 196	26,805,888	-
			2018		
		Provident fund	Gratuity fund	Total	
		Taka	Taka	Taka	
	n I			2	
	Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period	30,779,143	16,406,065	47,185,209	
	Add: Provision made during the period	30,779,143	16,406,065	47,185,209	
	Less: Payments made to fund during the period	20,054,132	325,188	20,379,320	
	Balance as at 30 June	10,725,011	16,080,877	26,805,888	
			2017		
		Provident fund	2017 Gratuity fund	Total	
		Taka	Taka	Taka	
	Balance as at 1 January	362,708	3,096,075	3,458,783	
	Add: Provision made during the year	54,249,201	35,231,317	89,480,518	
	Add. Provision made during the year	54,611,909	38,327,392	92,939,301	
	Less: Payments made to fund during the year	54,611,909	38,327,392	92,939,301	
	Balance as at 31 December			-	
16	Borrowings				
	Non-current:				
	Term loan			499,307,076	632,827,493
	Current portion of term loan		172	(275,473,280)	(273,664,201) 359,163,292
	Current:			220,000,70	,,
	Bank overdrafts				18,244,255
	Short-term borrowings			187,158,143	256,253,582
	Current portion of term loan		11.	275,473,280	273,664,201
	15 1 - 11		14 15	462,631,423	548,162,038
	Balance as at 30 June			686,465,219	907,325,330

16.1 Borrowings by maturity

< 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	Total
187,158,143	-	-	187,158,143
275,473,280	215,792,314	8,041,483	499,307,076
462,631,422	215,792,314	8,041,483	686,465,219
< 1 year	1-2 years	2-5 years	Total
18,244,255	-	*	18,244,255
256,253,582	- 4	*	256,253,582
273,664,201	271,747,942	87,415,349	632,827,493
548,162,038	271,747,942	87,415,349	907,325,330
	187,158,143 275,473,280 462,631,422 <1 year 18,244,255 256,253,582 273,664,201	187,158,143 275,473,280 215,792,314 462,631,422 215,792,314 <1 year 1-2 years 18,244,255 256,253,582 273,664,201 271,747,942	187,158,143 275,473,280 215,792,314 8,041,483 462,631,422 215,792,314 8,041,483 <1 year 1-2 years 2-5 years 18,244,255 256,253,582 273,664,201 271,747,942 87,415,349

16.2 Facilities details

Bank	Name of facilities	Limit	Utilisation	Maturity	Repayment	Security - STL	Security - LTL
	Overdraft	50,000,000		Revolving	From company's	1) Letter of	
SCB	Short term loan	378,000,000	87,883,063	180/360 days from B/L date	own source	comfort, 2) Hypothecation	
	Overdraft	30,000,000		Revolving		over plant &	
HSBC	Short term loan	550,000,000	92,705,300	180/360 days from B/L date	From company's own source	machinery on parri - passu basis with	1) Land,
	Long term loan	1,366,872,000	499,307,076	5 years		other lenders.	2) Plant and
		25,000,000	-	Revolving		 Hypothecation over stock & book 	machinery of the expansion plant.
Dutch Bangla	Overdraft	25,000,000	-	Revolving			expansion prime
Bank Ltd.	Short term loan	125,000,000	(4))	180/360 days from B/L date	From company's own source	debts on a parri - passu basis with other lenders.	
Commercial	Overdraft	25,000,000	-	Revolving	From company's	4) Demand	
Bank of Ceylon	Short term loan	300,000,000	6,569,780	180/360 days from B/L date	own source	promissory note.	

30 June 2018	31 Dec 2017
<u>Taka</u>	Taka

17 Trade and other payables

Trade payables

Payable to local suppliers Payable to foreign suppliers Payable to service provider Payable to C & F agent

Other payables

Tax deducted at source
VAT deducted at source
Dividend Payable
Unclaimed share application
Advance from cutomer against sales
Security deposit payable
Payable to employee for trade
Provisional liabilities - material & services

78,124,655	111,055,661
450,144,859	300,313,790
17,479,673	19,727,182
11,200,633	9,810,933
556,949,820	440,907,566
17,135,627	23,849,402
6,055,517	10,889,659
40,373,064	37,854,265

		30 June 2018 Taka	31 Dec 2017 Taka
18	Accrued expenses	40000000	50-50
	Power and gas	40,996,417	40,240,928
	Staff cost	68,703,862	86,556,724
	Audit fees	789,126	1,532,250
	Professional charges	661,591	455,840
	Interest on loans	8,504,063	9,561,366
	Telephone	250,737	228,743
	Provision for freight	1,619,626	
	Managing Director's remuneration (Note 18.1)	19,267,713	45,725,177
	Worker's profit participation and welfare fund (Note 18.2)	28,418,455	67,441,264
	Royalty and technical know-how fees (Note 18.3)	235,419,660	191,852,419
	Others	8,261,978	4,067,132
		412,893,228	447,661,843
18	1 Managing Director's remuneration		
	Balance as at 1 January	45,725,178	40,911,795
	Add: Provision made during the period	19,267,712	45,725,177
	Titol Trottom made during the period	64,992,890	86,636,972
	Less: Paid to Managing Director during the period	45,725,177	40,911,795
	Balance as at 30 June	19,267,713	45,725,177
18	Worker's profit participation and welfare fund		
	Balance as at 1 January	67,441,264	61,056,166
	Add: Contribution made to the fund during the period	28,418,455	67,441,264
		95,859,719	128,497,430
	Less: Payment made from the fund during the period	67,441,264	C1 056 166
	Less, Layment made from the tand daring the person		61,056,166
	Balance as at 30 June	28,418,455	67,441,264
18		28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528	67,441,264 83,946,396 107,906,023
18	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period	28,418,455 191,852,419	67,441,264 83,946,396
18	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January	191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419
	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June	191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419
18	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June	191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419
	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419
	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 - 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210
	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800
	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1)	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1)	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 - 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690 3,227,805,110
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690 3,227,805,110
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2016 Year 2015	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690 3,227,805,110
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2015 Year 2014	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,415 2,886,541,590 346,190,210 3,232,731,800 4,926,690 3,227,805,110
P	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822 362,336,361	83,946,396 107,906,022 191,852,419 2,886,541,596 346,190,216 3,232,731,806 4,926,696 3,227,805,116
P	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2013	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,415 191,852,415 2,886,541,596 346,190,216 3,232,731,806 4,926,696 3,227,805,116 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,724 364,979,858 339,211,366
P	Balance as at 30 June Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2011	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822 362,336,361 339,211,366	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,415 191,852,415 2,886,541,596 346,190,216 3,232,731,806 4,926,696 3,227,805,116 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,723 381,571,248 364,979,858 339,211,366 326,685,213
P	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2011 Year 2010	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822 362,336,361 339,211,366 326,685,215	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,415 191,852,415 2,886,541,596 346,190,216 3,232,731,806 4,926,696 3,227,805,116 346,089,883 302,798,644 323,397,724 364,979,858 339,211,366 326,685,213 348,965,691
P	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2011 Year 2010 Year 2010 Year 2010 Year 2010 Year 2009	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822 362,336,361 339,211,366 326,685,215 348,965,691	83,946,396 107,906,023 191,852,419 191,852,419 2,886,541,596 346,190,216 3,232,731,806 4,926,696 3,227,805,116 346,089,883 302,798,645 323,397,728 381,571,248 364,979,858 339,211,366 326,685,215 348,965,691 266,823,984
P	Balance as at 30 June 3 Provision for royalty and technical know-how fees Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made during the period Less: Payment made during the period Balance as at 30 June Provision for income Tax Balance as at 1 January Add: Provision made for the period Less: Provision release during the period Balance as at 30 June (Note 19.1) 1 Provision for income Tax Income year Current period Year 2017 Year 2016 Year 2015 Year 2014 Year 2013 Year 2011 Year 2010	28,418,455 191,852,419 45,469,528 237,321,947 1,902,287 235,419,660 3,227,805,110 151,873,665 3,379,678,775 6,152,691 3,373,526,084 152,049,897 346,089,883 302,798,649 323,397,728 377,885,822 362,336,361 339,211,366 326,685,215 348,965,691 266,823,984	67,441,264 83,946,396 107,906,023

		30 June 2018 Taka	30 June 2017 Taka	April to June 18 Taka	April to June 17 Taka
20	Sales				
	Gross sales from Ceramics product	4,146,982,775	4,033,975,341	1,999,952,217	2,106,449,715
	Gross sales from Power generation	195,400,622	191,690,505	96,692,093	95,366,751
	Gross sales from Security service	93,037,849	106,164,061	44,951,005	57,479,865
	T TV	4,435,421,246	4,331,829,907 240,966,222	2,141,595,315 119,632,988	2,259,296,331 123,795,475
	Less: Elimination Supplementary Duty	244,100,934 331,428,654	324,241,790	160,867,010	171,611,787
	VAT	561,076,932	547,031,497	270,896,754	285,351,070
	Net sales	3,298,814,726	3,219,590,399	1,590,198,563	1,678,538,000
21	Cost of sales				
	Materials consumed:				
	Opening stock as at 1 January	655,088,511	831,012,396	882,456,632	874,339,528
	Add: Purchase during the period	1,422,759,183	967,553,115	562,129,572	412,083,044
	overgreen er styrken ASS Produce (ASSA) - A AACS (ASS _A) - ATTOMOSTON	2,077,847,694	1,798,565,511	1,444,586,204	1,286,422,572
	Less: Closing stock as at 30 June	849,069,412	737,032,088	849,069,412	737,032,088
		1,228,778,282	1,061,533,423	595,516,792	549,390,483
	Manufacturing overhead:				
	Direct labour (Note 21.1.1)	296,299,893	258,363,596	153,343,177	131,793,101
	Direct expenses: Power and gas	121,232,539	112,860,120	61,416,598	63,686,096
	Repairs and indirect materials	398,596,111	396,325,260	195,126,775	200,571,283
	Rental charges	481,555	438,355	234,298	215,640
	Depreciation (21.1.2)	184,223,310	196,182,084	93,601,811	92,274,501 27,530,513
	Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees (21.1.3) Other production overhead (Note 21.1.4)	45,469,528 41,640,308	55,694,963 29,191,652	22,395,864 25,015,183	17,756,310
	Movement in stock	(206,423,589)	(206,521,681)	(120,594,429)	(78,362,184)
		2,110,297,937	1,904,067,772	1,026,056,069	1,004,855,744
21 1 1	Direct labour				
	Salary & wages	170,723,778	146,840,578	86,850,294	74,823,439
	Overtime	24,396,271	18,248,998	14,690,873	9,181,286
	Bonus	27,270,403	20,610,077 82,669	15,849,579 13,910	10,512,291 38,037
	Incentive Temporary labour wages	49,537 48,388,413	44,400,133	23,164,305	24,876,190
	Staff uniform expenses	852,885	767,655	420,619	378,543
	Gratuity	11,422,689	12,051,794	5,767,582	6,116,292
	Employer's contribution to provident fund	10,316,012	9,055,671	5,122,658	4,509,638
	Leave encashment	1,890,303 989,602	5,082,256	1,085,897 377,460	778,857 578,528
	Group life insurance	296,299,893	1,223,765 258,363,596	153,343,177	131,793,101
21.1.2	Repairs and indirect materials	204,995,879	203,935,715	98,692,834	107,105,448
	Stores, spares, repair & maintenance Packing expenses	193,600,232	192,389,545	96,433,941	93,465,835
	1 dexing expenses	398,596,111	396,325,260	195,126,775	200,571,283
21.1.3	Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees				
	Royalty and technical know-how/assistance fees	45,469,528	55,694,963	22,395,864	27,530,513
	THE NUMBER OF PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPLES AND ADDRESS AND PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPLES AND PRINCIPLES.	45,469,528	55,694,963	22,395,864	27,530,513
21.1.4	Other production overhead				
21.1.4	Hotel fare and expenses for technician	2,961,185	4,397,259	1,697,637	2,383,558
	100	6,537,682	1,443,193	2,483,706	715,910
	Demurrage				
	Insurance	8,919,192	7,953,559	5,132,755	3,883,087
	Insurance Hiring charges and transportation	8,919,192 11,358,974	7,953,559 8,158,474	6,053,861	3,883,087 4,738,332
	Insurance	8,919,192			

		30 June 2018 Taka	30 June 2017 Taka	April to June 18 Taka	April to June 17 Taka
22	Other income				
100	Dividend income	200	200	200	200
	Miscellaneous income	96,687	30,508	96,687	18,477
	Rental income	4,230,000	8,018,000	2,115,000	7,218,000
		4,326,887	8,048,708	2,211,887	7,236,677
23	Administrative expenses				
	Staff cost (note-23.1)	92,878,729	84,555,073	50,289,830	40,704,292
	Annual General Meeting expenses	14,105,830	10,149,416	12,498,145	3,964,846
	Telephone and postage	2,206,372	1,773,682	1,176,016	789,528
	Office repair and maintenance (note 23.2)	5,123,236	3,811,793	2,582,857	1,613,184
	Registration and renewal	873,164	742,362	710,899	510,104
	Security and guard expenses	5,446,546	6,629,538	2,337,914	3,093,355
	Electricity, gas and water	3,298,141	2,148,225	2,269,363	1,536,504
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment (note - 5.2)	18,323,559	17,088,488	9,140,257	8,734,948
	Depreciation on investment property (5.2)	5,222,768	3,556,190	2,625,811	2,625,811
	Amortisation	2,483,732	2,708,541	1,504,112	1,401,426
	Legal and professional fees	3,428,660	4,462,585	1,742,652	2,968,096
	Vehicle repair and maintenance	5,132,624	5,491,806	2,947,406	3,120,951
	Rent, rate and tax	4,459,585	4,139,244	2,322,830	2,177,688
	CSR expenses	12,500	5,500,000		337,500
	IT expenses	2,568,309	2,359,559	630,732	1,025,600
	General Servicing	4,713,871	4,107,336	1,820,580	2,373,682
	Donation	3,042,137	1,318,600	2,512,137	690,000
	Managing Director's remuneration (note-23.3)	19,267,712	23,600,741	9,490,247	11,666,055
	Technical consultancy & others	2,690,291	2,339,935	1,627,632	1,391,833
		195,277,765	186,483,114	108,229,420	90,725,404
23.1	Staff cost				
	Salary & wages	67,670,861	57,876,206	36,091,404	28,843,395
	Bonus	11,042,143	7,758,201	6,809,712	3,944,087
	Incentive	261,969	370,729	2,120	337,504
	Gratuity	3,873,771	4,041,668	2,045,048	1,985,871
	Employer's contribution to provident fund	3,810,728	3,224,362	2,010,936	1,582,758
	Leave encashment	695,496	2,821,139	413,177	307,110
	Group life insurance	316,225	417,730	113,264	196,488
	Canteen and conveyance expenses	2,721,789	4,046,313	1,476,574	2,093,664
	Staff uniform expenses	624,199	1,157,262	452,242	211,118
	Travelling expenses	1,360,435	1,729,925	627,526	532,552
	Medical expenses	395,633	891,798	195,087	563,160
	Other employee benefit	105,480	219,740	52,740	106,586
		92,878,729	84,555,073	50,289,830	40,704,292
23.2	Office repair & maintenance	59,331	108,372	10,720	30,621
	Repairs office equipment Office maintenance	5,063,905	3,703,421	2,572,137	1,582,563
	Omee maintenance	5,123,236	3,811,793	2,582,857	1,613,184
23,3	Managing Director's remuneration	44_000420120420		0.100.01	11 444 000
	Provision made during the period	19,267,712	23,600,741	9,490,247	11,666,055
		19,267,712	23,600,741	9,490,247	11,666,055

Managing Director's remuneration represents provision made 3% of net profit before tax of RAK Ceramics (Bangladesh) Ltd.

		30 June 2018 Taka	30 June 2017 <u>Taka</u>	April to June 18 Taka	April to June 17 Taka
24	Marketing & selling expenses				
	Staff cost (note-24.1)	25,868,515	18,701,985	12,777,128	10,272,000
	Advertisement	7,091,905	2,832,310	1,968,937	1,536,538
	Freight and transportation	128,432,357	142,304,059	62,903,259	74,366,469
	Performance rebates (note-24.2)	228,023,768	155,908,219	128,836,548	68,419,277
	Business promotion	16,489,418	17,329,910	8,907,505	12,880,277
	Depreciation	1,005,442	1,005,442	505,498	505,498
	Showroom & office rent	8,433,164	7,619,765	4,318,649	3,809,883
	Discount	4,119,164	3,885,278	1,690,740	3,885,278
	Travel, entertainment and others	4,068,450	10,694,230	2,281,662	4,054,940
	Havel, effectamment and outers	423,532,184	360,281,198	224,189,926	179,730,160
24.1	Staff cost				
5000	Salary & wages	17,842,586	13,985,475	9,060,177	7,925,827
	Bonus	2,056,644	1,542,080	1,039,247	734,794
	Incentive	904,993	33,205		33,205
	Gratuity	1,109,605	1,045,711	564,939	595,837
	Employer's contribution to provident fund	1,088,007	833,574	551,975	474,448
	Leave Encashment	197,544	300,848	114,790	1000
	Group life insurance	81,012	78,579	30,185	29,502
	Conveyance & food expenses	2,588,124	882,513	1,415,816	478,387
	Corregated to food expenses	25,868,515	18,701,985	12,777,128	10,272,000
24.2	Performance rebates				
24.2	Compensation to customer	3,601,310	4,757,780	1,300,262	4,063,654
	Dealers' commission	62,142,537	66,040,664	30,270,527	30,996,325
	Breakage commission	67,209,414	64,856,248	32,302,394	33,359,298
	Dealers' incentive and bonus	95,070,507	20,253,527	64,963,365	33,337,270
	beaters incentive and bonds	228,023,768	155,908,219	128,836,548	68,419,277
25	Finance income	-			
	Interest on bank account (SND)	3,448,479	1,521,217	2,006,392	571,899
	Interest on FDR	22,554,968	4,909,872	9,657,838	149,306
		26,003,447	6,431,089	11,664,230	721,205
26	Financial expenses	(3)			
	Interest expenses	19,798,574	24,182,796	9,734,880	11,329,964
	Foreign exchange loss	2,189,499	33,175,876	(813,785)	1,865,128
	Bank charges	3,041,888	1,392,721	2,441,747	681,655
		25,029,961	58,751,393	11,362,842	13,876,747
27	Contribution to worker's profit participation and welfare fund				
	Provision made during the period	28,418,455	34,809,352	13,997,415	17,206,571
	The party of the p	28,418,455	34,809,352	13,997,415	17,206,571
28	Current tax				
	Current period	151,873,665	182,415,639	70,697,495	89,153,714
		151,873,665	182,415,639	70,697,495	89,153,714

29 Financial risk management

The management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies, procedures and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- · Credit risk
- 1.iquidity risk
 Market risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a client or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade receivables and other receivables.

Management has a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis. In monitoring credit risk, debtors are grouped according to their risk profile, i.e. their legal status, financial condition etc. Trade & other receivable are mainly related to receivables from dealers, receivables from export sales, claim receivables, accrued interest and other receivables. The Company's exposure to credit risk on accounts receivables is mainly influenced by the individual payment characteristics of customers

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position,

a) Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	USD	USD	Amount	s in Toka
	As at 30 June 2018	As at 31 Dec 2017	As at 30 June 2018	As at 31 Dec 2017
Trade receivables			708,142,719	512,343,19
Customer-Local	•	10 890	700,142,719	1,634,13
Customer-Export		088,91 088, 9 1	708,142,719	513,977,33
Other receivables			2,601,163	4,778,05
Accrued Interest			3,285,000	2,070,00
Accrued rental income				
Receivable against disposal of investment			69,598,489 75,484,652	69,598,48 76,446,54
			13414,032	7.0,440,23
Cash equivalents			566,537,025	1,376,727,50
Ageing of receivables				
The ageing of trade receivables as at 30 June was:			Amount	oin Tolor
The ageing of trade receivables as at 30 June was:				s in Taku As at 31 Dec 201
			Amount As at 30 June 2018	
Not past due				As at 31 Dec 201
Not past due 0.50 days past due			As at 30 June 2018 682,292,080	As at 31 Dec 201 476,203,02
Not past due			As at 30 June 2018	s in Taka As at 31 Dec 201 476,203,02 30,428,94 7,345,46

29.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to cusure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when become due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

The Company ensures that it has sufficient eash and eash equivalents to meet expected operational expenses, including financial obligations through preparation of the eash flow forceast, prepared based on timeline of payment of the financial obligation and accordingly arrange for sufficient liquidity/find to make the expected payment within due date. Moreover, the Company seeks to maintain short term lines of credit with scheduled commercial banks to ensure payment of obligations in the event that there is insufficient eash to make the required payment. The requirement is determined in advance through eash flows projections and credit lines facilities with banks are negotiated accordingly.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities of the Compuny:

1.10 1.20		As at 30 June 2	018	
	Carrying amount	Contractual eash flows	Within 12 months or less	More than 12 months
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Trade and other payables	714,497,427	714,497,427	714,497,427	
Short term borrowing (foreign)	187,158,143	187,158,143	187,158,143	
Term loan (foreign)	499,307,076	499,307,076	275,473,280	223,833,797
term team (totalgar)	1,400,962,647	1,400,962,647	1,177,128,850	223,833,797
	Carrying amount	As at 31 December Contractual cash flows	Within 12 months or less	More than 12 months
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Bank overdraft	18,244,255	18,244,255	18,244,255	
Trade and other payables	573,706,416	573,706,416	573,706,416	
Short term borrowing	256,253,582	256,253,582	256,253,582	
Term loan	632,827,493	632,827,493	273,664,201	359,163,292
Control of the Contro	1,481,031,746	1,481,031,746	1,121,868,455	359,163,292

29.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of nurket risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return.

a) Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on certain revenues and purchase of raw material, spare parts, accessories and capital item. Majority of the company's foreign currency purchase are denominated in USD and EURO. All the export proceeds are receipt in USD, 50% of export proceeds are receipt in USD, 50% of export proceeds are receipt in USD.

i) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk was as follows based on notional amounts (in Taka):

	As at 30 June 2018				As at 31 December 2017				
5	AED	GBP	USD	EURO	<u>леч</u>	AED	GBP	USD	EURO
Foreign currency denominated assets		0.0000							
Receivable from customers-Export	1.00	1943	870		150		-	19,880	(4)
Cash at bank	-		122,758					126,700	
- Carrier Paris	-	740	122,758	-		-	*	146,580	-

	As at 30 June 2018				As at 31 December 2017				
	AED	GBP	USD	EURO	ЛY	AED	GBP	USD	EURO
Foreign currency denominated liabilities								National Section 10	400.000.000
Trade payables	9.0	130,627	4,171,928	817,181	5,520,000	6,349	93,585	2,615,356	740,046
Short term borrowings			2,132,630	86,940	-		4	2,907,638	142,880
Term loan	2		5,961,876	-	9	12	(()	7,606,100	1.5
Royalty & Technical Fees			2,810,981				* *	2,305,918	
		130,627	15,077,415	904,121	5,520,000	6,349	93,585	15,435,011	882,926
Net exposure		(130,627)	(14,954,657)	(904,121)	(5,520,000)	(6,349)	(93,585)	(15,288,432)	(882,926)

The Company has foreign exchange loss of Tk 2,189,499 during the period ended 30 June 2018 (30 June 2017: Exchange loss Tk 33,175,876).

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

	Exchange rate a	is at (Average)	
	30 June 2018	31 Dec 2017	
	Taka	Taka	
AED	22.7232	22.4659	
GBP	109,7063	111.0252	
USD	83,2500	82.7000	
EURO	96,7743	104.7878	
IDV	0.7588	0.7316	

ii) Foreign exchange rate sensitivity analysis for foreign currency expenditures

A strengthening or weakening of the Taka, as indicated below, against the AFD, GBP, USD, EURO, JPY at 30 June would have increased/(decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below.

	As at 30 Ju	As at 30 June 2018		mber 2017	
	Profit or	(loss)	Profit or	(loss)	
	Strengthening Weakening Strengthening	Strengthening Weakening Strength	Strengthening Weakening Strengthening	Strengthening	Weakening
	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	
At 30 June					
AED (3 percent movement)	148	-	(196)	185	
GRP (3 percent movement)	(4.040)	3,805	(2,894)	2,726	
USD (3 percent movement)	(462,515)	435,573	(472,838)	445,294	
EURO (3 percent movement)	(27,962)	26,334	(27,307)	25,716	
JPY (3 percent movement)	(170,722)	160,777	-		

b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that arises due to changes in interest rates on borrowings. The Company is not significantly exposed to fluctuation in interest rates as company has not entered into any type of derivative instruguent in order to hedge interest rate risk as at the reporting date.

Short term borrowing (foreign)

At the reporting date, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was:	Carrying	g amount
	As at	As at
	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	Taka	Taka
Fixed rate instruments		
Financial assets		
Investment in FDR	296,467,169	597,589,914
Cash at banks	270,069,855	779,137,588
Financial liabilities		
Term loan (Foreign)	499,307,076	632,827,493
Bank overdraft	0.20	18,244,255
Short term borrowing (foreign)	187,158,143	256,253,582

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities of the Company together with carrying amount shown in the statement of financial position are as follows:

		As at 30 Ju	As at 30 June 2018		cember 2017
		Carrying amount Taka	Fair value Taka	Carrying amount Taka	Fair value Taka
Financial assets					
Held to maturity assets					
Investment in FDR		296,467,169	296,467,169	597,589,914	597,589,914
Loans and receivables				To Mark College Services	2700 0000000000000000000000000000000000
Trade receivables		708,142,719	708,142,719	513,977,334	513,977,334
Other receivables		75,484,652	75,484,652	76,446,543	76,446,543
Cash equivalents		566,537,025	566,537,025	1,376,727,502	1,376,727,502
Financial liabilities					
Liabilities carried at amortised costs				120000	
Term loan		499,307,076	499,307,076	632,827,493	632,827,493
Bank overdraft		verse and the second		18,244,255	18,244,255
Trade and other payables		714,497,427	714,497,427	573,706,416	573,706,416
Short term borrowing (foreign)		187,158,143	187,158,143	256,253,582	256,253,582
Interest rates used for determining amortised cost					
The interest rates used to discount estimated each flows, when applicable were as follows:	- 0			30 June 2018	31 December 2017
				1.95%-10.25%	1.95%-7.50%
Investment in FDR				Libor+3%	Libor+3%
Term loan				8.00%-10.00%	8%-10.00%
Bank overdraft				8.00%-10.00%	8%-10.00%
Short term bank loan (local currency)				Liber+(2.75%+2.85%)	Liber-(2.75%-2.85%)
Short term bank loan (foreign currency/USD)				Libor : 3%	Libor+3%
Long term bank loan (foreign corrency/USD)				Tring (316	E-845 7-31 W

30 Related party disclosures under BAS-24

30.1

List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and their relationship as identified and certified by management:

Name of related party	Relationship	Period	Purchase of goods/services	Sale of goods/services	Outstanding Outstand receivables/Advance payable	ling	Remuneration
RAK Power Pvt, Ltd	Subsidiary	Current period	195,400,622	3,210,365	3,210,365	63,740,063	300
		Previous period	188,813,069	2,922,365	2,922,365	32,183,717	*
RAK Security & Services Pvt. Ltd	Subsidiary	Current period	47,964,863	Ē		20,382,355	
		Previous period	51,199,533	•	3	9,562,904	
RAK Ceramics - UAE	Parent	Current period	13,629,658			25,265,413	ļ
		Previous period	19,361,149	a.	*	24,562,658	
Julphar Pharmaceuticals Ltd.	Other related party	Current period		2,430,000	2,430,000		
		Previous period	•	6.318,000	6,318,000	28	
RAK Paints Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Current period	939,782	1,800,000	855,000	698,025	
		Previous period	273,601	1,700,000	1,425,000	151,926	
Kea Printing & Packaging Industries	Other related party	Current period	33,446,663	1	*	3,376,679	3
		Previous period	63,792,459	T.	•	6,847,171	i i
Palli Properties Pte. Ltd	Other related party	Current period	8,776,276	Ċ	90		ı
		Previous period	8,675,714	•		311,576	1
Sky Bird Travel Agents Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Current period	1,580,760	*	•	٠	•
		Previous period	3,153,767	iù.	9	•	2
Green Planet Communications	Other related party	Current period	5,961,114	1		54,232	•
		Previous period	6,433,305	C.		251,581	
Pelikan Plastic & Packing Pvt. Ltd.	Other related party	Current period	66,437,007		ì	11,164,791	
		Previous period	52,170,787	1		12,973,680	,
Mohammed Trading	Other related party	Current period	ľ	1,128,983,385	411,373,941	•	•
		Previous period	•	1,146,365,699	388,165,197	•	•
S.A.K. Ekramuzzaman	Key Management Personnel	Current period	٠		•	19,267,713	19,267,712
		Previous period		3	,	23,600,741	23,600,741
Imtiaz Hussain	Key Management Personnel	Current period.	•		•	854,572	5,397,060
		Previous period		60	è	•	5,367,120

31.2 Events after the reporting period

No events, adjusting or non-adjusting, occurred after the date of statement of financial position which require adjustments or disclosures.

30.3 Paid to Directors

During the period, provision was made as MD's remuneration for Taka. 19,267,713,

During the period, Board meeting fees of Taka 125,000 was paid to the board members for attending the Board meetings.

Segment reporting 31

The company has three reportable segments which offer different products and services and are managed Decarately because they require different technology and marketing strategies. The following summary describes the operations of each segment:

Ceramics & Sanitary Ware: Engages in manufacturing and marketing of ceramics tiles, bathroom sets and all types of sanitary ware.

Power: Set-up power utilities and operate power-generating plants, transmission system and distribution system and to sell the generated electric power to any legal entity. Security and services: Engages in providing security guard, cleaning services, termite and pest control services and set up manpower technical training.

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Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment	Ceramic &		Security and	Inter	
Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment	sanitary ware	Power	Services	segment	Entity total
Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka	Taka
Cooling - mici acgment	3,266,612,580	- 105 400 501	32,202,146		3,298,814,725
Total segment revenue	3,266,612,580	195,400,622	80,902,458	(244,100,934)	3,298,814,725
Cost of sales- external customer	(1,916,731,432)	(123,655,246)	(69,911,260)	- 247 211 200	(2,110,297,938)
Total segment cost of sales	(2.160.096.917)	(127,601,060)	(69.911.260)	247,311,299	(2.110.297.938)
Gross profit	1,106,515,664	67,799,562	10,991,198		1,188,516,788
Other income	*	789'96			789,96
Dividend income	85,959,600	40,000	200	(85,999,600)	. 200
Rental income	7,440,365		ï	(3,210,365)	4,230,000
Financial income	25,222,287	717,703	63,456	1	26,003,447
Financial expenses	(22,864,510)	(2,160,716)	(4,735)	r	(25,029,961)
Depreciation	(199,766,552)	(8,850,846)	(157,680)	e i	(208,775,078)
Other operating expenses	(434,137,755)	4,449,165	(8,764,735)		(438,453,325)
Segment profit before tax	568,369,099	62,091,555	2,127,704		546,588,757
Income tax expense	(130,638,838)	(20,666,363)	(568,464)	·	(151,873,665)
Deferred tax	(9,484,321)	1,230,582		£	(8,253,739)
Non -Controlling interest	ı	208	0.08		208
Profit for the year					386,461,146

Cost of sales- external customer

Cost of sales- inter segment Total segment cost of sales

Other operating expenses Segment profit before tax

Financial expenses

Depreciation

Dividend income Rental income Financial income

Other income

Gross profit

Income tax expense

Non -Controlling interest Profit for the year

Revenue - external customers Revenue - inter segment

Total segment revenue

(1,904,067,771)

30,508

(83,999,600)

(1,904,067,772)

243,888,587 243,888,587

3,219,590,399 104,306,306 3,323,896,705

(136,659,916)

Entity total Taka 200 (96,288,306) 6,431,089 (58,751,394) (217,832,204) (363,741,459) (889,677,367 (182,415,639) (17,876,198)

222 489,385,308

	30 June 2018 Taka	30 June 2017 Taka
Earnings per share (EPS)		
Calculation of earnings per share (EPS) is as under:		
Earnings attributable to the ordinary shareholders		
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	386,461,146	489,385,308
No. of ordinary equity shares	389,062,456	353,693,141
Weighted average no. of equity shares outstanding (Note 32.1)	389,062,455	389,062,455
Earnings per share (EPS) for the period	0.99	1,26
Diluted earnings per share for the period	0.99	1,26
Net assets value per share	16.68	16,76
Net operating cash flow per share	(0.24)	1.98

32.1 Weighted average number of ordinary shares

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period is the number of ordinary shares outstanding at the beginning of the period, adjusted by the number of ordinary shares issued during the period multiplied by a time-weighting factor. The time-weighting factor is the number of days that the shares are outstanding as a proportion of the total number of days in the period. The weighted average number of shares is calculated by assuming that the shares have always been in issue. This means that they have been issued at the start of the period presented as the comparative figures.

	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
Outstanding shares	353,693,141	353,693,141
Effect of issue of bonus shares for the year 2017	35,369,314	35,369,314
	389,062,455	389,062,455

32,2 Diluted earning per share

32

No diluted earnings per share is required to be calculated for the period as there was no scope for dilution during these periods.

33 Contingent liabilities

There are contingent liabilities on account of unresolved disputed corporate tax assessments and VAT claims by the authority aggregating to Tk 680,176,599 (30 June 2017: Tk 419,753,044). Considering the merits of the cases, it has not been deemed necessary to make provisions for all such disputed claims.

There is also contingent liability in respect of outstanding letters of credit of Tk 288,102,361 (30 June 2017: Tk 240,944,091) and letter of guarantee of Tk 84,805,505 (30 June 2017: Tk 52,551,133).